**\*\*\*NBE #6**

**Events that pushed the Colonists to Declare Independence (Graphic Organizer)**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Event** | **Date** | **Problem** | **Solution** | **New Problem** | **Act**  **Repealed**  **(Y/N)** |
| **Proclamation of 1763** | 1763 | Keep the colonists and native peoples from killing each other | Line drawn down the center of the Appalachian Mts. (Indians stay West, Colonists stay East) | Colonies overcrowded w/ no place for people to go | N |
| **Stamp Act** | 1765 | British needed money to pay for French and Indian War | Tax colonists for every piece of paper they use | Colonists mad because they’re being taxed without having representatives in British Parliament  (protests) | Y |
| **Quartering Act** | 1767 | British soldiers had no place to stay (and it cost a TON to feed them all) | Citizens must open their homes and provide food, drink, shelter, and supplies to any soldier in need | Colonists upset because it cost lots of $ to house a soldier | N |
| **Townshend Acts** | 1767 | It cost way too much $ to keep armies in America to protect the colonists | Colonists are forced to pay taxes on common goods (glass, paper, paint, tea, etc.) | Colonists choose to **boycott** all British-made goods | Y |
| **Boston Massacre** | 1770 | King viewed citizens in Boston as “troublemakers” | More troops are sent to Boston to keep the peace | Brawl between colonists and British soldiers in streets of Boston (5 dead and 10 injured – *all colonists*) | N |
| **Boston Tea Party** | 1773 | British wanted to sell more tea and make more $ by taxing it | Passed the Tea Act (made British tea cheaper, but required that it be taxed) | Protesting colonists keep British ships from unloading their cargo of tea, then board the ships and dump the tea in Boston harbor (90,000 lbs of tea) | N |
| **Intolerable Acts** | 1774 | Colonists are being rebellious and need to be controlled (esp. Boston) | Punish colonies with new laws:   1. *Boston port closed, (2) gov’t of Mass. now under British control, and (3) British soldiers were to be tried in England (not in the colonies)* | Colonies begin to unite in support of Massachusetts | N |
| **First Continental Congress** | 1774 | Colonists felt like they were being treated unfairly | 50 leaders from 12 colonies meet in Philadelphia and agree to (1) send a respectful message to King George (please consider our complaints and recognize our rights), (2) a new boycott of British goods, and (3) begin organizing militias | King George feels that the colonists actions are rebellious and that he needs to squash their rebellion | N |